August 22, 2022

Greetings,

We are writing to introduce ourselves and notify you that Kerr McGee Oil & Gas Onshore, LP, a subsidiary of Oxy USA Inc., is working through the permitting process to obtain approval to develop oil and natural gas locations in your community. We are committed to being a good neighbor by providing frequent and transparent information and seeking your community's feedback.

Enclosed you will find information about us, the permitting process, general and sitespecific project details, proposed location maps, and estimated development schedules. Additionally, you will find resources with more information about the permitting process including how to provide public comment on the permit, which can also be found on the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commissions (COGCC) website at cogcc.state.co.us.

If you would like to talk about the details of this application or request a meeting to discuss the proposed oil and gas locations, we can be contacted at any time.

We are committed to conducting our business in a manner that safeguards our employees and neighbors, protects the environment, benefits neighboring communities, and strengthens local economies.

You can find updates on this project as well as other useful information about oil and gas development on our website, OxyColoradoStakeholder.com. We welcome all questions, appreciate feedback, and look forward to hearing from you.

Occidental Stakeholder Relations

1099 18th Street, Suite 700 Denver, CO 80202 866.248.9577 <u>ColoradoStakeholder@oxy.com</u> www.OxyColoradoStakeholder.com



New Energy Development

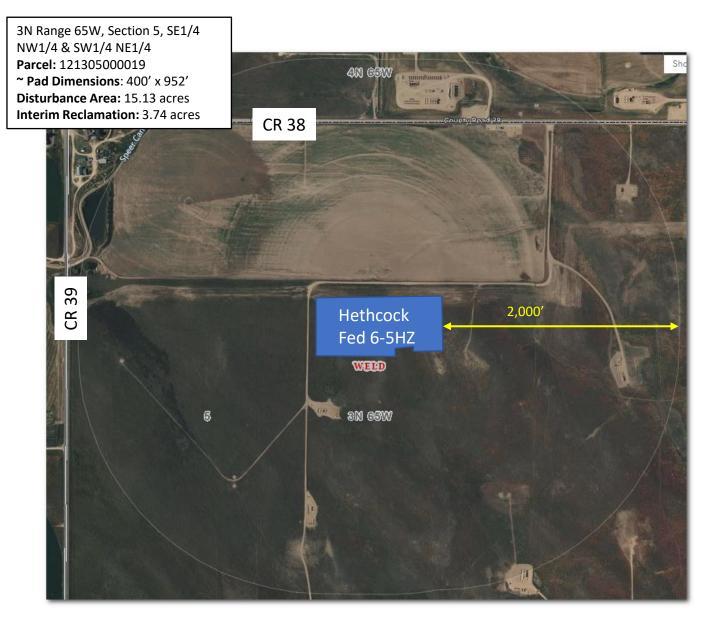


Permitting Process

The proposed project is required to undergo a comprehensive permitting process at both the state and local level. The State of Colorado permitting process is known as an Oil and Gas Development Plan or OGDP. We submitted an OGDP application to develop 48 wells and facilities on three different locations known collectively as the Pikes Peak OGDP. The three locations are named: Hethcock Fed 6-5HZ, Moser Fed 3-21HZ, and Wardell Fed 13-7HZ. The Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (COGCC) determined that the OGDP application contains all the required information and is therefore complete.

We will develop these wells as efficiently as possible and will work with you throughout the process to provide up to date information. For project updates, please see OxyColoradoStakeholder.com/project-updates.

Hethcock Fed 6-5HZ Location – 14 Wells – COGCC Document Number: 403052476





Moser Fed 3-21HZ Location -17 Wells - COGCC Document Number: 403052471

3N Range 65W, Section 21, NE/4 NW/4, Parcel: 121321000005 ~ Pad Dimensions: 400' x 965' Disturbance Area: 15.29 acres Interim Reclamation: 4.21 acres





Wardell Fed 13-7 HZ Location –17 Wells – COGCC Document Number: 403052507

3N Range 65W, Section 7, S/2 SW/4 Parcel: 121307000006 ~ Pad Dimensions: 1029' x 403' Disturbance Area: 14.66 acres Interim Reclamation: 4.37 acres



Our Commitment To You



We strive to make our activities compatible with the surrounding community and use various mitigation techniques to reduce the temporary impacts associated with development. Our team designs each location after careful consideration of the area's specific attributes. Although some of our operations are conducted 24/7, we aim to minimize non-essential work during the night. For each well pad, we deploy the following strategies to mitigate possible impacts including:

Our Best Practices and Mitigation Measures

Noise



We use upgraded drilling rigs with noise-reducing features and quiet hydraulic fracturing. These features reduce the noise from our operations

Light



We use Light-emitting Diode (LED) lights strategically oriented away from homes, making our operations less visible to our neighbors.

Odor



To counteract any potential hydrocarbon odor during our drilling operations, we proactively add an odor neutralizer to the drilling fluid system.

Dust



We work to mitigate dust by applying dust suppression to the roads as needed. Various techniques to be used include installing tracking pads and sediment traps, hydro mulching and/or hydroseeding topsoil piles, seeding disturbed soils, and placing and compacting a gravel layer on the working pad surfaces and access roads.

Our Commitment To You Our Best Practices and Mitigation Measures



Traffic Management Plan

One part of the comprehensive permitting process is developing a traffic management plan. This includes specific route for all traffic coming to and leaving the proposed project locations. To access the locations, drivers will utilize the roads as shown below. Speed limits will be reduced to 10 mph on the access road and 5 mph once vehicles reach the well pad/facility.

We reduce traffic as much as possible through oil transfer and Water-On-Demand systems. The oil produced from our horizontal locations is transported off-site through a pipeline, eliminating the need for trucks. We transport the water used in hydraulic fracturing through our innovative Water-On-Demand pipeline system, further reducing truck traffic. Since its inception in 2012, these technologies have enabled us to eliminate 60 million miles of truck traffic from the roads in Weld County, reducing emissions, dust, road wear, and inconvenience to our neighbors. This system also reduces our surface footprint by eliminating the need to store water in tanks onsite during well completion. At these locations we estimate that we will eliminate 321,462 truck trips.

Haul Route Maps and Estimated Project Timelines and Traffic Counts

Moser Fed 3-21HZ



		M	oser Fed 3-	21HZ
		Estimated	Estimated	Traffic
Phase	Work Activity	Start	End	total/per day
1	Pad Construction	May-2023	Jun-2023	5,618 / 128
2	Surface Casing	Jun-2023	Jul-2023	1,989 / 153
3	Horizontal Drilling	Jul-2024	Nov-2024	11,132 / 98
4	Well Completions	May-2024	Aug-2024	16,032 / 206
5	Facility Construction	Jul-2024	Aug-2024	1,172 / 38
6	Reclaim Well site	Oct-2024	Dec-2024	3,153 / 53

Haul Route Maps (cont.)



Our Best Practices and Mitigation Measures



Wardell Fed 13-7HZ (above)



Hethcock Fed 6-5HZ (above)

	w	ardell Fed 1	3-7HZ	He	ethcock Fed	6-5HZ
	Estimated	Estimated	Traffic	Estimated	Estimated	Traffic
Work Activity	Start	End	total/per day	Start	End	total/per day
· · · · ·	Nov-2022	Jan-2023	5,898 / 134	Oct-2023	Nov-2023	5,229 / 119
	Jan-2023	Jan-2023	1,989 / 153	Nov-2023	Nov-2023	1,638/ 149
v	Nov-2023	Feb-2024	11,420 / 111	Nov-2023	Feb-2024	9,476/ 116
Well Completions	Jul-2024	Oct-2024	16,366 / 215	Apr-2024	May-2024	13,360 / 226
Facility Construction	Sep-2024	Oct-2024	1,166 / 39	Apr-2024	May-2024	1,266/42
Reclaim Well site	Dec-2024	Feb-2025	3,391 / 57	Aug-2024	Oct-2024	3,120 / 52
	Facility Construction	Work ActivityEstimatedPad ConstructionNov-2022Surface CasingJan-2023Horizontal DrillingNov-2023Well CompletionsJul-2024Facility ConstructionSep-2024	EstimatedEstimatedWork ActivityStartEndPad ConstructionNov-2022Jan-2023Surface CasingJan-2023Jan-2023Horizontal DrillingNov-2023Feb-2024Well CompletionsJul-2024Oct-2024Facility ConstructionSep-2024Oct-2024	Work Activity Start End total/per day Pad Construction Nov-2022 Jan-2023 5,898 / 134 Surface Casing Jan-2023 Jan-2023 1,989 / 153 Horizontal Drilling Nov-2022 Feb-2024 11,420 / 111 Well Completions Jul-2024 Oct-2024 16,366 / 215 Facility Construction Sep-2024 Oct-2024 1,166 / 39	EstimatedEstimatedTrafficEstimatedWork ActivityStartEndtotal/per dayStartPad ConstructionNov-2022Jan-20235,898 / 134Oct-2023Surface CasingJan-2023Jan-20231,989 / 153Nov-2023Horizontal DrillingNov-2023Feb-202411,420 / 111Nov-2023Well CompletionsJul-2024Oct-202416,366 / 215Apr-2024Facility ConstructionSep-2024Oct-20241,166 / 39Apr-2024	EstimatedEstimatedTrafficEstimatedEstimatedWork ActivityStartEndtotal/per dayStartEndPad ConstructionNov-2022Jan-20235,898 / 134Oct-2023Nov-2023Surface CasingJan-2023Jan-20231,989 / 153Nov-2023Nov-2023Horizontal DrillingNov-2023Feb-202411,420 / 111Nov-2023Feb-2024Well CompletionsJul-2024Oct-202416,366 / 215Apr-2024May-2024Facility ConstructionSep-2024Oct-20241,166 / 39Apr-2024May-2024



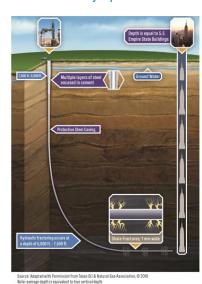
Pad Construction 30-45 days per pad



Standard construction equipment prepares the well site. A wall may be installed to reduce or minimize noise and light during development.

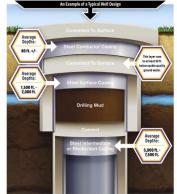


Horizontal Drilling 4-6 days per well



A production rig arrives and drills to a depth of 7,000 to 8,000 feet. The horizontal portion of the wellbore can extend more than two miles.

Additional layers of protective steel casing and cement are installed. Surface Casing Set

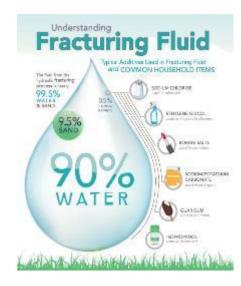


A drilling rig begins the underground construction process by installing steel pipe and cement (surface casing) to protect groundwater. Surface casing is set at least 50' below the aquifer, which is typically about 1,000' below the surface.

Source: Adapted with Permission from Texas OI & Natural Gas Association Note: average depth is equivalent to true vertical depth

4

Well Completions: 3 Components 6-9 days per well



Hydraulic Fracturing: a safe, highly engineered technology developed in the 1940s. Fracturing fluid is pumped under high pressure down the wellbore to create hairline fractures in the rocks over a mile below the earth's surface.

Flowback: After fracturing, the wells are opened and oil and gas flows into the mobile production facility.

Well clean-out and Tubing: We clean-out the wells to remove excess sand and install the production tubing.

5

Production Facility Construction 30-45 days per facility



Production facilities are constructed adjacent to the wells to collect and separate the oil, natural gas and water that are produced. Facility production is 30-45 days of work done in stages over a period of about four months.

6

Reclaim Well Site



Once development phases are complete, the pad is reclaimed to the largest extent possible to match the existing landscape. Each well will produce energy vital to the health and welfare of our communities or decades to come.

Our Commitment To You Our Best Practices and Mitigation Measures

Air Quality

To ensure the wellbeing of you and your family and those living and working near our operations, we take action to reduce emissions and monitor air quality.

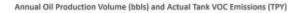
Reducing Emissions

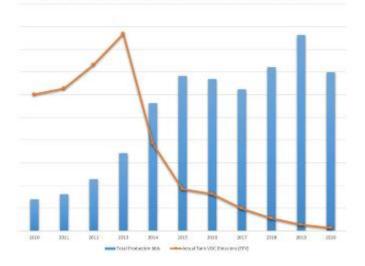
To reduce greenhouse gas emissions and utilize the valuable energy resources we produce, we select equipment and design our locations and procedures to minimize emissions. As you can see in the graph, we have been successful in our efforts.

1.Occidental is the first U.S. oil and gas company to endorse <u>The World Bank's Zero Routine Flaring by 2030</u> <u>initiative</u>. In Colorado, we have already achieved zero routine flaring.

2. During drilling, over 90% of the power comes from natural gas engines. In addition, the hydraulic fracturing pumping equipment is 100% powered by Tier IV diesel engines. Tier IV engines meet the latest and most stringent requirements for off-road diesel engines as designated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

3.Our innovative tankless production facility reduces air emissions in several ways. Tankless means we eliminated oil storage tanks, which significantly lowers facility emissions. Transporting oil off-site through a pipeline further reduces emissions associated with truck traffic. The design also uses compressed air to operate pneumatic controllers, which regulate pressure, flow, temperature, and liquid levels, on over 90% of our production. Using compressed air eliminates emissions that typically come from natural gas-driven pneumatic controllers.





Monitoring Emissions

During drilling and completions, independent third-party environmental air quality experts perform continuous air quality monitoring. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) and the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission (COGCC) approve our air monitoring program and receive monthly reports. You can find the monthly monitoring reports created by the third-party consultant on our webpage under Project Updates.

Independent third-party air quality experts use traditional and innovative technologies to add context to and validate the data collected. Air monitoring stations include a weather station, a hydrocarbon analyzer, and carbon sorbent tubes. In addition, strategically placed air canisters may supplement data from the air monitoring stations. Air samples are collected and analyzed according to EPA standards. The results are compared to health guideline values set by the CDPHE.

Air monitoring data is collected continuously and is monitored 24/7 by our Integrated Operations Center (IOC). Our monitoring program establishes response and investigation levels designed to protect the health, safety, and welfare of communities, our employees, and the environment. Additionally, our 24/7 IOC ensures responses are both timely and effective.

To monitor emissions near our production facilities, we have an inhouse emissions team that conducts leak detection and repair inspections. During the production phase, every facility is inspected periodically by trained individuals using a handheld infrared camera. We also use infrared camera-equipped drones and conduct frequent audio/visual/olfactory inspections to detect and control emissions.



Groundwater Protection

We conduct baseline water-quality sampling and construct double-walled produced water sumps and secondary containment for operations. Sensors between the walls of the water sumps and additional automation allow us to remotely monitor fluid levels and remotely shut in the wells if we detect an issue.

Contacts







Margaret Hess Stakeholder Relations 1099 18th Street, Suite 700, Denver, CO 80202 Office 720.929.3144 <u>Coloradostakeholder@oxy.com</u> www.OxyColoradoStakeholder.com Oxy Integrated Operations Center (IOC) 970.515.1500 Real-time monitoring of wells, water tanks, and production facilities 24 hours a day, 365 days a year



Weld County Oil and Gas Energy Department

970.400.3580 | oged@weldgov.com www.weldgov.com/Government/Departments /Oil-and-Gas-Energy For information about the permit, ask about Swartz 2-4HZ -WOGLA21-0027 Berry 8-8HZ WOGLA21-0024 & 0025 Camenisch 10-33HZ – WOGLA21-0026



Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission 303.894.2100 www.cogcc.state.co.us



COLORADO Oil & Gas Conservation Commission Department of Natural Resources

COGCC INFORMATION SHEET: PROCEDURAL STEPS FOR THE COMMISSION'S REVIEW OF OGDPs

(As required by COGCC Rule 303.e.(2).C)

Why am I receiving this information sheet?

Oil and gas operating companies ("Operators") are required to obtain approval of an Oil and Gas Development Plan ("OGDP") from the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission ("COGCC") prior to undertaking any new operations such as drilling oil and gas wells or building oil and gas locations. When an Operator submits an OGDP application to the COGCC for consideration, and the application has been received and is deemed complete, COGCC staff begins a formal technical review of the application materials, and a public comment period starts.

COGCC has prepared this information sheet to inform the public of the procedural steps involved with the Director's and Commission's review of an OGDP, so that the public is informed and may participate in the review process if they choose. As part of the process, Operators must provide this information sheet to certain recipients, like vourself, that include mineral owners within the area of proposed development and all landowners, homeowners. commercial property owners, tenants, and other entities within 2,000 feet of an oil and gas location proposed by a pending OGDP application.

What is an Oil and Gas Development Plan (OGDP)?

An OGDP is an Operator's plan to develop oil or gas resources ("minerals") from one or more surface locations. Operators prepare an OGDP and associated application materials, consistent with the requirements of COGCC Rule 303, and submit the plan for approval through the Commission's Hearings process. The application materials include a hearing application; one or more Form 2A, Oil and Gas Location Assessments; a Form 2B, Cumulative Impacts Data Identification; and a Form 2C, OGDP Certification. The application may also include a request for the establishment of one or more Drilling and Spacing Units ("DSUs"). The OGDP, along with its associated supporting documents, will be heard at a public hearing where the Commission will make a final determination to approve or deny the OGDP application.

What are the procedural steps involved with the Director's and Commission's review of Oil and Gas Development Plans?

- OGDP application is submitted: Operator/ Applicant submits a complete OGDP application with all supporting documents. The written portion of the application is submitted to the COGCC hearings unit via the eFilings system, and Forms 2A, 2B, and 2C are submitted to technical staff via the eForms system. (See Rules 303 & 304)
- 2. OGDP application is received: The COGCC hearings unit reviews the written hearing application, assigns a docket number for the OGDP, and provides public notice for the hearing. (See Rules 303 & 504)
- 3. **Completeness determination:** The COGCC technical staff and Director review the application materials for completeness. When deemed complete:
 - a. the OGDP application materials are posted on COGCC's website;
 - b. the Operator provides notice (including this information sheet) to relevant persons;
 - c. the public comment period begins;
 - d. the formal consultation period commences as applicable (including relevant/ proximate local governments and other agencies such as Colorado Parks and Wildlife ("CPW") or Colorado Department

of Public Health and Environment ("CDPHE")); and

- e. COGCC staff begin their technical review of the OGDP components. (See Rule 303).
- 4. Director's review of application (technical review): COGCC technical staff conducts the technical review of all application materials to ensure compliance with COGCC Rules, ensure the protection of public health, safety, welfare, the environment, and wildlife resources, and to evaluate potential Cumulative Impacts. The technical review includes analysis and assessment of:
 - a. DSUs and protection of mineral owner's correlative rights;
 - b. proposed surface locations and alternative locations;
 - c. downhole and engineering considerations;
 - d. best management practices;
 - e. public comments and recommendations provided by consulting agencies;
 - f. financial assurance; and
 - g. the need for conditions of approval. (See Rule 306)
- 5. Director's recommendation: Once the Director has reviewed the application materials, the Director provides a written recommendation to the Commission in support of the approval or denial of the OGDP application. The Director will post the recommendation on COGCC's website, notify relevant parties¹, and submit it to the COGCC hearings unit in preparation for hearing. (See Rule 306.c)
- 6. Commission's consideration and final action (public hearing): The Commission receives the

Director's recommendation of the OGDP and begins review of the OGDP with support from the COGCC hearings unit. The review includes all supporting documents, written testimony, public comments, consulting agency recommendations, and Director's recommendation. The Commission considers the OGDP at a public hearing, which may include oral testimony provided during the hearing. The Commission makes a final determination and presents its findings in a written order based on the evidence in the record; the Commission's order to approve or deny the OGDP application is final. (See Rule 307)

Where can I get additional information?

For more information about the COGCC administrative hearing process and OGDPs, please refer to the COGCC website at http://cogcc.state.co.us. You may also contact COGCC dnr.ogcc@state.co.us the at or 303-894-2100. Please note, COGCC staff are not available to provide legal advice. COGCC recommends that you engage an attorney with knowledge of oil and gas matters to assist you with reviewing any offers you receive from an oil and gas operator or other person.

¹ Parties who receive this information sheet will not necessarily be included in the notice of the Director's recommendation. Parties who make a public comment on the Form 2A and include their email address will receive the notice of the Director's recommendation.



COLORADO Oil & Gas Conservation Commission Department of Natural Resources

Purpose

This information sheet provides details on how to make public comments on an Oil and Gas Development Plan submitted to the Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission via the Form 2A, Oil and Gas Location Assessment permit application.

Why am I receiving this Information Sheet?

You have received this Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission ("COGCC") information sheet because an oil and gas operator ("the Operator") has submitted an application for an Oil and Gas Development Plan ("OGDP"), and that application is under review by the COGCC. Per COGCC Rule 303.e.(1), the Operator is required to provide this information to you within seven days of the application materials being posted on the COGCC website.

COGCC Rule 303.d requires the COGCC to open a formal "public comment period" upon posting the OGDP application to our website. This public comment period allows the public to review OGDP applications and their components (i.e., proposed Oil and Gas Locations), and provide comments on those pending permit applications.

How can I provide comments on pending permits in an OGDP?

Members of the public can access OGDP applications through the COGCC website to review permit information and provide comments. Public comments may be made directly on Form 2A, Oil and Gas Location Assessment permit applications ("Form 2A") through the COGCC website.

- 1. Go to the COGCC website https://cogcc.state.co.us
- On the green menu bar, click on the "Permits" page. This will take you to the "Drilling and Location Permits Search" tool for Pending Permits.

Complaints | Dashboard | Data | Government | Labrary | Maps | Media | Permits | Regulation | SB19-181 Drilling and Location Permits Search | Undergoound Dajection (DIC) Permits Search | Permits Help

 Under "Pending Permits", find "Oil and Gas Location Assessment Permits (Form 2A)". Select the county of interest from the dropdown menu and click "Go!"

Pending Permits (Filed ON or AFTER January 15th, 2021)

Oil & Gas Location Assessment Permits (Form 2A): Arapahoe Gol

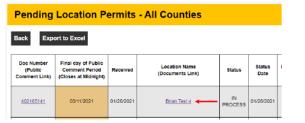
4. This will generate a table of pending applications and will indicate the status of the public comment

COGCC INFORMATION SHEET: PUBLIC COMMENTS

(As required by COGCC Rule 303.e.(2)D)

period for each permit within the COGCC review process.

- 5. Scroll through the list of pending permits to find the one you would like to review. You may wish to use "crtl + f" to search for a specific document number, operator name, or location name.
- 6. To view the submitted Form 2A and its associated attached documents, click the "Location Name" link for any permit application.



 To make a public comment on a specific permit application, click the "Doc Number" of the permit on which you wish to comment.

Pending	Location P	ermits	- All Counties		
Back Exp	ort to Excel				
Doc Number (Public Comment Link)	Final day of Public Comment Period (Closes at Midnight)	Received	Location Name (Documents Link)	Status	Status Date
<u>402165141</u> •	03/11/2021	01/26/2021	Brian Test 4	IN PROCESS	01/26/2021

clicking the Doc Number link, you will be taken to the Public Comment portal.

 In the Public Comment portal, you may review the Form 2A application including the PDF and all attachments.



9.	To make a public comment, click the "Make
	Comment" button. A Form will open for you to
	provide your name, contact information, and your
	comment. Only the text in the Comment box will
	be made public; your contact information will be

Please fill out the fields below in full to subm			
Please fill out the fields below in full to subm	it your comment.		
Name:		Email:	
Address:		Phone Number:	
City: State:	Zip:		
Subject:			
Comment:			

10. Click the "Submit Comment" button when you are ready to submit your comment.

11. You may also view other public comments and read yours after it is posted by scrolling down on this page (see below about a delay in displaying comments).

How long do I have to submit a comment on a permit?

The Public Comment Period begins once the COGCC Director determines the OGDP application is complete and has been successfully submitted by the operator. The Director will approve the Form 2C, OGDP Certification form, and post the OGDP application on the website for public review.

In order to be considered by the Director and Commission during the review of the OGDP, public comments must be received as follows:

- 1. Within 30 days from the date that the Director posts thethe OGDP on the website, OR
- 2. Within 45 days if the OGDP includes any proposed Oil and Gas Locations within 2,000 feet of a Residential Building Unit, High Occupancy Building Unit, or School Facility within a Disproportionately Impacted Community.

The final day for public comments can be found in the list of all pending permits:

Pending	Location P	ermits	- All Counties			
Back Expe	ort to Excel					
Doc Number (Public Comment Link)	Final day of Public Comment Period (Closes at Midnight)	Received	Location Name (Documents Link)	Status	Status Date	
<u>402165141</u>	03/11/2021	01/26/2021	Brian Test 4	IN PROCESS	01/26/2021	

When the Public Comment Period closes, the date will revert to read "Comments Closed". The link to the public comment portal will remain active, but comments will no longer be accepted. You will still be able to view any public comments submitted for pending permits.

The Director may extend or reopen the public comment period per Rule 303.g, for up to an additional 30 days for a proposed OGDP if the Director determines an extension or reopening is reasonable in order to obtain public input.

What happens to my comment?

Your comment will become part of the public record of the application and will be reviewed by the applicant, COGCC staff, Director, and the Commission. COGCC staff may recommend permit conditions in response to comments. But, Staff does not routinely respond individually to comments; instead, COGCC staff will work directly with the applicant to address the site-specific concerns expressed.

Submitted comments may not be immediately visible; it may be a few days before you see your comments posted. This delay allows COGCC supervisory staff to screen for offensive language prior to publication.

What if I want to make my comment to the Commission?

COGCC Staff and the Director review every comment received on a Form 2A permit application. They review the site specific concerns against the totality of the application materials, including the alternative location analysis, cumulative impacts evaluation, and best management practices proposed by the applicant. When the Director makes a recommendation to the Commission to either approve or deny an OGDP, that recommendation will include the consideration of the public comments received.

In their review of an OGDP for a final determination at the administrative hearing, the Commission will have access to the entire record, including your public comment.

Can I remain anonymous?

Yes. Only the "Comment" portion of your submitted comment will be made publicly viewable. Your name and contact information will be kept confidential, and will only be used by COGCC staff to contact you if necessary in the course of permit application review. If you choose to include your name and contact information in the body of your comment text, it will be part of the public record.

Links

The following links provide guidance and additional information on providing Public Comments.

COGCC Permits Page:

https://cogcc.state.co.us/permits.html#/permits

Numerous helpful guidance documents can be found at the link on the COGCC Permits Page: <u>https://cogcc.state.co.us/permits2.html#/permitshelp</u>

Daily Activity Dashboard (DAD) is another useful tool and can be used to access the public comment portal as well: <u>https://cogcc.state.co.us/dashboard.html</u>

STATE OF	an open pathway to the well. This allows the oil	mig
COLORADO	up the well and to the surface for collection. In Colorado the targeted formations for hydraulic	is do
	fracturing are often more than 7,000 feet underground and some 5,000 feet below any	laye
	drinking water aquifers.	sur
	The process of hydraulic fracturing has been	cas
CONSERVATION COMMISSION	1970s. Hydraulic fracturing continues to be	pre
Colorado Department of Natural Resources	and improved and is now standard	pre
	virtually all oil and gas wells in our state, and	The
	across much of the country. Hydraulic tracturing has made it possible to get the oil and gas out of	C D
	rocks that were not previously considered as	COL
Hydraulic Fracturing	likely sources for fossil fuels.	per
What is hydraulic fracturing?	Common questions and answers about hydraulic fracturing.	hyo
Hydraulic fracturing is the process of creating	Q: Can hydraulic fracturing open up pathways	2
small cracks, or fractures, in deep, underground	for oil and gas to reach ground water zones	
geological formations to liberate oil of natural gas and allow it to flow up the well for capture	where water weirs are broadcing:	The
and use in heating our homes, fueling our cars	distance between the oil and g	fric
and providing the electricity we all use for our	cubotantial in the case of the Nichrana and the	
televisions, computers and other devices.	Fox Hills Aquifer in northeast Colorado, for	forr
To fracture the formation, fracturing fluids -	example, the separation is about 5,000 feet - or	the
mostly water and sand, with a small percentage of chemical additives – are injected down the	rougnly a mile – of bedrock.	oth
well bore into the formation. The fluid, injected	Q: How do you ensure the fracturing fluid,	har
under pressure, causes the rock to fracture		
alolig weak aleas.	water wells?	em
The fluids that create the initial fractures are		pro
then mixed with thicker fluids that include sand aelatin These thicker fluids lengthen the	A: The COGCC requires all wells to be cased with multiple layers of steel and cement to	8
openings in the rock. When the fractures are	isolate fresh water aquifers from the	diso
complete, and pressure is relieved, the fluids	hydrocarbon zone. The steel casing and	frac
flow back up the well where they are captured and stored for later treatment or disposal	surrounding layers or cement protect the drinking water aquifers that the wellbore	por o
-	penetrates. Surface casing is required to extend	S SI
As the fluids flow back up, sand remains in the	50 feet below the base of the deepest freshwater anulfer to seal it off from any possible	
tractures and props the rock open, maintaining	irestiwater aquiter to sear it oir irorri arty possible	use

GCC. e well's construction design is reviewed by or to hydraulic fracturing, the casing be ssure tested with fluid to the maximum er of separation between the oil or natural duction casing is set to provide an added relopment. After it is determined that the wel gration of fluids associated with oil and gas ЩĮ sure the cement is properly sealed around the vey called a cement bond log is performed to capable of producing oil or natural gas, a rected prior to issuing the required drilling ing. Additionally, the COGCC requires that professional engineering stream and freshwater aquifer. A wel Any flaw in the design will be staff at the be

Q: What kinds of fluids do operators use to hydraulically fracture wells?

ere are chemical additives used to reduce ume is water and sand. The remaining ployees, the public, and the environment are entive handling are required to ensure that 'k practices, proper site preparation, idled properly. For certain chemicals, safe atment. Fracturing chemicals are similar to nulation may vary depending on the well and factant to promote water flowback. The exact tion during pumping and prevent corrosion of tion is made up of a variety of chemicals ected. steel, biocide to kill bacteria in the water and Approximately 99.5% of the fracturing fluic objectives of industrial chemicals which must the specific fracturing and be

OGCC rules require that operators publicly sclose the ingredients and concentrations of cturing chemicals for each well within 60 days completion. That information is required to be sted on the website <u>www.fracfocus.org</u>, which searchable by county, operator and well. The bsite also provides information on chemicals ed and their purpose.

요ㅋ이네	connected together and then connected to the well head with high pressure hoses. After testing the equipment, the actual fracture stimulation will begin. The operation may take several hours
	trucks arrive. The day the operation is to begin, the sand haulers, pump truck, blender and the control van arrive. The equipment will all be
ק ד	A: After the drilling rig is moved off site, water tanks are brought to the site and water-hauling
າ≲ ⊐າດ	Q: What can neighbors expect to experience during the fracture stimulation work?
	separated and contained in impervious, must be separated and contained in impervious vessels and waste fluids must either be recycled or properly disposed of under regulatory oversight.
	After the fracturing is completed, fluids return to the surface as "flowback." These fluids are now considered exploration and production waste and must be treated accordingly in compliance with state regulations. Production fluids, including oil and related substances also rise to
	water and chemicals at different stages of the operation. The blended mix is sent to pumping units to raise the pressure and send the fluid down the well. Like spills, operators must prevent leaks. In addition to complying with state regulations, leaks and spills would create costly delays, providing additional incentive for operators to ensure all fittings and connections are pressure tested with clean water before any operations begin.
⇔⊐ -I	care to prevent spills; operators are charged with protecting environmental resources and spills violate state law. The fluids are blended on site in equipment that adjusts the mix of sand,
0 ≠	A: Large volumes of fluids are maintained on the drill site during the drilling and hydraulic fracturing process. Operators must take great
요락국동	Q: How are these fluids managed on the surface?

to several days depending on the number of fracture zones. You will not feel the fracture of the rock because of its very low energy and depth of the formation. The equipment noise is the most noticeable occurrence during the operations.

'he COGCC has rules that are specific to lydraulic fracturing. For more information on hese rules, visit: <u>http://cogcc.state.co.us</u>

- <u>Rule 205</u> Inventory chemicals
- <u>Rule 205A</u> Chemical disclosure
- Rule 317 Well casing and cementing; Cement bond logs
- <u>Rule 317B</u> Setbacks and precautions near surface waters and tributaries that are sources of public drinking water
- Rule <u>341</u> Monitoring pressures during stimulation
- Rule 608 Special requirements for coalbed methane wells
- Rules 903 & 904 Pit permitting, lining, monitoring, & secondary containment
- <u>Rule 906</u> Requires COGCC notify CDPHE and the landowner of any spill that threatens to impact any water of the state

Where can I get further information?

The FracFocus website – <u>www.fracfocus.org</u> – contains detailed explanations on how hydraulic racturing works, how groundwater is protected, what chemicals are used, and how to find a well hear you. The COGCC has additional nformation on its hydraulic fracturing information bage at its website: <u>http://cogcc.state.co.us</u>

What is the purpose of baseline water sampling?

The purpose of baseline water sampling is to collect data before any drilling operations at individual well sites to demonstrate the predrilling conditions of a water well. This provides a reference point for future evaluations of any

suspected impacts by the drilling or hydraulic fracturing of oil and gas wells.

How do I obtain baseline water samples?

The COGCC provides baseline sampling on a case-by-case basis based on proximity to new or existing drilling activity. Please contact the COGCC at 303-894-2100.

The Colorado Oil & Gas Association (COGA), an industry trade group, has a voluntary baseline ground water quality sampling program http://www.coga.org/index.php/BaselineWaterSampling.

a water quality database that will be available to the public through the COGCC website. also be submitted to the COGCC for inclusion in collecting the sample. The laboratory results will provided to landowners within three months of gas well pads, or new wells on existing pads completed. Results of all samples will be round of sampling will be collected from each will be collected before drilling begins. A second half mile of the surface location of new oil and collected from two existing Under feature within one to three years after drilling features, such as wells or springs, within one-These samples require landowner consent and the COGA program, samples groundwatei are <u>v</u>

Water well owners can also either sample their own water wells or contract a qualified individual to collect samples for baseline testing. Most analytical laboratories can provide sampling along with analytical services. A list of laboratories offering these services can be found under Laboratories-Analytical or Laboratories-Testing in the phone directory.

The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment also offers analytical laboratory services. Call 303-692-3090 for additional information.

http://www.cdphe.state.co.us/lr/water.htm



Why am I receiving this information sheet?

The Colorado Oil and Gas Conservation Commission ("COGCC") prepared this information sheet to inform the public in the vicinity of a proposed Oil and Gas Development Plan ("OGDP") how to access documents and view the status of proposed OGDPs through the COGCC's website, eForms, and eFiling system. A review of public property records indicates that you may have an interest in lands that an oil and gas operator wishes to develop as part of an OGDP. Pursuant to Commission Rule 303.e.(2).G, operators are required to provide this information sheet to certain recipients near their development plans.

What is an Oil and Gas Development Plan?

An OGDP is an operator's plan to develop subsurface oil and gas resources ("minerals") from one or more surface locations. An OGDP consists of a hearing application and associated permit materials that provide technical information. The Director (i.e. COGCC Staff) reviews the technical information and makes a recommendation to the Commission for the hearings application; the Commission has the ultimate authority on approval or denial of the OGDP.

How do I view the status of the pending OGDP hearing application?

Members of the public may view the status of proposed OGDP applications through the COGCC eFiling System by creating an account in the Applications and Docket Portal, available on the "Hearings Page."

- From the COGCC homepage, click "Regulation" in the green menu bar, and then "Hearings" on the blue bar.
- On the right-hand side of the Hearings page, under the Hearings eFiling System header, click on "Application and Docket Portal".

Hearings eFiling System (Beginning November 9, 2020)

- Document Search
- Application & Docket Portal
- 3. Create a user account by clicking "Request Access to Account," and completing the

COGCC INFORMATION SHEET: OGDP STATUS INFORMATION

(As required by COGCC Rule 303.e.(2).G)

required registration information. There may be a delay for processing following your request before you are granted access. Check your email for access approval.

- Once registration is complete, access the Application and Docket Portal by entering your user name and password.
- Search for the 9-digit docket number provided by the operator in their cover letter using the "Find Hearing Application by Docket Number" option at the bottom left of the page.

Find Hearing Application by Docket Number	er
SEARCH RESULTS	
Docket Number	
210012345	

- The general status of the docket is listed in the first column on the left, titled "Docket Status."
- Double click the docket search result to load the docket's main page, which will show additional information, including the application type, status, assigned Hearing Officer, and applicant information.

Do I have to create an account to view documents?

No. You may view documents through the "Document Search" described below without creating an eFiling System account, but you will not be able to view the "status" of the docket through this method.

1. On the right-hand side of the Hearings page, under the Hearings eFiling System header, click on the "Document Search" link.



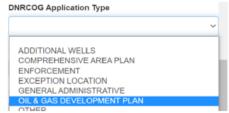
 From the "Search Type" dropdown menu, select "DNRCOG Search for Docket Related Documents."

Input the docket number provided by the operator.

DNRCOG Docket Number

210012345

4. If you don't have a docket number, or to view any OGDP, scroll down to the "DNRCOG Application Type" dropdown menu and select "OIL & GAS DEVELOPMENT PLAN."



- After step 3 or 4, scroll down and click the "Search" button at the bottom of the scroll bar.
- 6. A list of all related documents will appear. Click on any item to view its contents.

How do I view general forms, permits, and data regarding permits and OGDPs?

You may use the Daily Activity Dashboard to access frequently requested oil and gas data at the county and state levels. The Daily Activity Dashboard is located in the right-hand corner of the COGCC homepage, and allows you to search and generate custom-made statistical charts, graphs, tables, and maps for information including pending permits, well status, production, well inspections, Notices of Alleged Violation, active notifications, and spills. The COGCC also provides access to pending and approved permits through its "Permits Search" and interactive map on the COGCC website.

To view the status of pending Form 2As (Oil and Gas Location Assessment Permits) through the "Permit Search" function, follow the steps outlined below:

- Click "Permits" in the green menu bar on the COGCC homepage. This will take you to the "Drilling and Location Permits Search" page.
- Under Pending Permits, find "Oil & Gas Location Assessment Permits (Form 2A)". Select "All Counties" or a specific county using the drop down menu and click "Go!". Pending Permits (Filed ON or AFTER January 15th, 2021)

Oil & Gas Location Assessment Permits (Form 2A): All Counties V Go!

 A table will show all pending Form 2As currently under review by the COGCC.

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- a. Clicking a "Doc Number" link will take you to the Public Comments portal for that pending permit.
- b. Clicking a "Location Name" link will take you to a list of documents related to that permit, including the Form 2A (as submitted by the operator) and supporting documents that are attached to the pending permit application.

Can I view pending applications on the COGCC Map?

Yes. You may access the COGCC GIS Online Interactive Map by clicking "Maps" in the green banner on the COGCC homepage, then click "Click HERE to access interactive map". You may use the "address search" option to zoom to your address to see oil and gas activity near you. With the map zoomed to your area of interest, you may specify pending permits by checking the appropriate boxes on the left-hand menu.



To select and view a pending application, use the arrow tool to double-click on the pending icons to display the Application.

Links

COGCC Homepage: https://cogcc.state.co.us/#/home

Hearings Page:

https://cogcc.state.co.us/reg.html#/hearings

eFiling system help:

http://cogcc/documents/reg/Hearings/External E filing System Users Guidebook 20201109.pdf

COGCC GIS Online Interactive Map help: http://cogcc/documents/about/Help/Search%20pendin g%20permits%20on%20the%20COGCC%20map.pdf